

Driving Test Questions & Answers

- Q. What do Double Yellow Lines mean?
- A. No parking at any time.
- Q. What does a Single Yellow Line at a kerb mean?
- A. No parking during business hours.
- Q. What do continuous White Lines on the road mean?
- A. Keep left and do not cross the line except in case of emergency or for access.
- Q. When can you cross a Continuous White Line?
- A. To avoid an obstruction.
- Q. What does a Broken White Line mean?
- A. You may cross if it's safe to do so.
- Q. If there are Double White Lines in the middle of the road, and the line nearest you is continuous, what does this mean?
- A. You must obey the line nearest you, in this case do not cross the continuous line.
- Q. You are approaching a set of Traffic Lights and the Amber Light is on, what would you do?
- A. Stop if it's safe to do so.
- Q. What colour comes after Amber?
- A. Red.
- Q. What does a Flashing Amber Arrow mean?
- A. You may proceed in the direction of that arrow only if your way is clear. You must yield and give way to traffic coming from your right that may be passing.
- Q. What do Flashing Red Lights up ahead mean?
- A. Warning of a level crossing ahead.
- Q. What does a Lighted Green Arrow mean?
- A. You may proceed with caution in the direction of that arrow.
- Q. You are approaching Pedestrian Lights and the Traffic Lights are Flashing Amber, what would you do?
- A. Proceed with caution provided it is safe to do so.

Q. What does a Broken Yellow Line along the edge of a Major Road mean?

A. It marks off the edge of the road and shows where the hard shoulder beings.

Q. What is the rule at the Yellow Box Junction?

A. Do not enter the box unless your exit is clear. You may enter the box if turning right and don't block off traffic with right of way.

Q. What do Zigzag Markings either side of a Zebra Crossing mean?

A. No parking in that area and do not overtake on the approach to the crossing.

Q. When is it possible to overtake on the left?

A. if a vehicle in front is turning right and it's safe for you continue straight or turn left.
Also in lanes of traffic where traffic in the right lane is moving slower than the left lane.

Q. Where should you not Overtake?

A. At a bend, a junction, brow of a hill, Humpback Bridge, continuous white line or where your view is restricted of any oncoming traffic.

Q. What road users are not allowed on the Motorway?

A. Learner drivers, cyclists, Pedestrians, Animals, Vehicles under 50cc, Invalid Carriages and slow vehicles under 50km/h.

Q. Who has Right of Way at a Roundabout?

A. Traffic coming from the right or already on the roundabout.

Q. Who has Right of Way at a Junction with Roads of Equal Importance?

A. Traffic coming from the right and traffic already crossing the junction when on the approach.

Q. When would you use Dipped Headlights?

A. When meeting traffic while driving at night. When following behind traffic which you do not intend to overtake. In lit up areas. During bad weather. Dawn & Dusk.

Q. When would you use the Right Lane of a Dual Carriageway?

A. When overtaking or when you intend to turn right a short distance ahead.

Q. Are you allowed to use the Hard Shoulder?

- A. You may use it temporarily to allow faster vehicles to pass provided there are no pedestrians or cyclists using it as it's not an extra traffic lane.
- Q. What are the main differences between Motorways and Ordinary Roads?
- A. The speed limit on a motorway goes up to 120km/h and it's prohibited to stop or park on any part of a motorway. You must not make 'U' Turns. Motorways do not have right turns and you must join and exit using slip roads to the left.

Q. What is the National Speed Limit for a car on a National Primary Road?

- A. 100km/h.
- Q. What is the Speed Limit on a Non-National/Regional Road?
- A. 80km/h.

Q. How do you check if your Brake Lights are working?

A. Ask someone to view the lights when you press the brake pedal or check against a reflective surface if alone.

Q. What do you do if dazzled by oncoming headlights?

A. Slow down, stop if necessary. Be aware of other road users on your side and pedestrians. Look towards the edge of the road on your side until the vehicle has passed. Do not flash the other driver in retaliation. If the dazzle is from a driver behind you, use your night driving mode on your rear view mirror.

Q. At a Stop Sign with no White Line, where should you stop?

A. At the stop sign.

Q. How would you know a Zebra Crossing at night?

- A. Flashing amber beacons.
- Q. What does an Island in the centre of a Pedestrian Crossing mean?
- A. Either side of the island is a separate crossing.
- Q. What are the restrictions when it comes to using your car's horn?
- A. It must not be used between the hours of 11.30pm and 7:00am.

Q. What is a Clearway?

A. Stopping or parking is prohibited for the period indicated on the sign except by buses and taxis.

Q. What is the legal parking distance from a kerb?

- A. 45cm / 18 inches.
- Q. How close to a junction can you park?
- A. 5 metres.

Q. Where should you not park?

A. On or near a bend, brow of a hill, humpback bridge, continuous white line, bus stop or taxi rank, opposite another vehicle, narrow road, at an entrance or blocking a traffic sign.

Q. What is the minimum legal tyre Thread Depth?

A. 1.6mm.

Q. What do Hatch Markings (horizontal white lines) mean?

A. You must use them like a traffic island, do not enter.